

## **General exam 10**

**1. Experts believe that the time when people can work .....varies for different people.**

- ☐ deficiency
- ☐ efficiently
- ☐ efficiency
- ☐ sufficiency

**2. The police kept investigating the crime, finally they could .....a significant conclusion that the criminal must be one of the crew.**

- ☐ come
- ☐ arrive
- ☐ reach to
- ☐ draw

**3. Good time-management is of the skills that can enhance students' achievement. The word " enhance" in this context is a synonym for.....**

- ☐ decline
- ☐ improve
- ☐ reduce
- ☐ prove

**4. He grew up in a small village where there were hardly any facilities for the disabled. The word "facilities" refers to .....**

- ☐ a natural ability to do something easily.
- ☐ a piece of equipment which makes it possible to do something.
- ☐ a special treatment
- ☐ a place used for providing a specific service.

**5. Disasters are .....**

- ☐ sad incidents throughout your life
- ☐ creative approaches
- ☐ innovative ideas
- ☐ big problems or accidents.

**6. You don't have to write a whole paragraph; you can write in .....**

- ☐ bullets
- ☐ ballets
- ☐ bulls
- ☐ pullets

**7. There are two kinds of skills that people applying for a job must have; hard skills such as .....and soft skills.**

- ☐ a university degree
- ☐ resilience and patience
- ☐ working under pressure
- ☐ being conscientious

**8. The phrase "Don't forget that" is similar in meaning to .....**

- ☐ In conclusion, .....
- ☐ Fortunately, .....
- ☐ We can't ignore that .....
- ☐ In my opinion, .....

**9. The temple of Serapeum was built during the .....of Ptolemy III.**

- ☐ reign
- ☐ region
- ☐ area
- ☐ timing

**10. "Crime doesn't pay" is one of the .....that have been dealt with in movies.**

- ☐ morale
- ☐ murals
- ☐ morals
- ☐ minerals

**11. Mum has already .....the vegetables to make the salad.**

- ☐ chopped
- ☐ shaped
- ☐ cut down

- cheered

**12. In an introduction to an essay, it's advisable not to .....**

- use more than one sentence to introduce the topic of the essay.
- explain that you intend to talk about both sides of the argument.
- say that you will include your opinion after discussing both points of view.
- use expressions like: All in all .....

**13. My father got my uncle to buy a large house. This means that .....**

- He forced him to do it.
- He persuaded him to do it.
- He allowed him to do it.
- He warned him to do it.

لكى نقف على قدم المساواة مع البلاد المتقدمة، يجب أن نكون مجتمعًا منتجًا.

- To fight on an equal foot with developed countries, we must be a productive society.
- Standing on an equal leg with developed countries, we must be a productive society.
- To stand on an equal foot with developed countries, we must be a productive society.
- So that standing on an equal foot with developed countries, we must be a productive society.

يجب ترشيد استهلاك الماء والكهرباء والغذاء لمواجهة تحديات المستقبل.

- We may rationalise the consumption of water, electricity and food so that face the challenges of the future.
- We must rationalise the consumption of water, electricity and food in order to facing the challenges of the future.
- We must rationalise the consumption of water, electricity and food in order to face the changes of the future.
- We must rationalise the consumption of water, electricity and food in order to face the challenges of the future.

**16. A narrative essay is a kind of essay which .....**

- gives a clear, focused explanation of a topic
- introduces an extended evidence-based argument
- tells a story about a personal experience or an imaginative one
- gives a detailed sensory description of something

**17. The economic situation is good now and things ..... better.**

- were
- will be getting
- will have got
- are going to get

**18. I want to get my eyes tested. I've become really ..... lately.**

- short-sight
- short-sighted
- short-sighting
- shorted-sight

**19. She ..... me if I would mind telling her how to get to the art gallery.**

- said
- told
- warned
- asked

**20 . The ..... is a great achievement. It was nationalised during .....**

- Suez canal, Nasser's Reign.
- Suez Canal, nasser's Reign.
- Suez Canal, Nasser's reign.
- suez Canal, Nasser's reign.

**21. "Never eat with your mouth full". The correct reported speech of the sentence is:**

- My father asked me not eat with my mouth full.
- My father advised me never eat with my mouth full.
- My father advised me not to eat with my mouth full.

- My father told me to not eat with my mouth full.

**22. I really .....burnout. I haven't taken a break for ages.**

- experience
- demand
- role-play
- embrace

**23. Prices are not .....in this shop. They're final.**

- built
- negotiated
- attached
- assessed

**24. Are you going to the school trip on Friday? - I'm not sure. I ..... yet.**

- didn't decide
- haven't decided
- can't decide
- don't decide

**25. He got his PhD in physics. The acronym PhD stands for .....**

- Philosophers doctors
- Doctorate in Phantasm
- Doctor of Philosophy
- Presenting High Definition

**26. How often does the World Cup of football take .....?**

- part
- place
- off
- up

**27. When writing a personal or informal email, it's not common to .....**

- use contractions in the first person pronouns; I and We.
- use greetings like Hi and Hello.

- use endings like Yours and Best regards.
- to address the person using Dear Chairman or Sir.

**28. When writing a fable or a myth, it's good to include some literary devices such as .....**

- morality
- problem solving
- similes and metaphors
- suffixes and prefixes

**29. That man has a heart of stone. This means .....**

- he is always cheerful
- his heart is not very healthy
- he is so friendly and kind
- he was nasty and cruel to everyone.

**30. When a mother asks her children to behave themselves, she .....**

- scolds them
- tells them to act politely
- praise them
- admires them a lot

**31. Mom said to my sister, " .....you must do your homework as soon as you get home."**

- From now on
- It's worth effort
- Your heart was set on
- That's your lot

**32. Suppose you .....someone getting mugged, what would you do?**

- were seen
- saw
- had seen
- can see

By now, we all know the problem with plastic. Every year, over 300 million tonnes of it are produced, with fifty percent being single-use plastic items, and 14 million tonnes reaching the ocean.

But why does the plastic we manufacture and use on land end up in the sea? Inadequate waste disposal can come from individual citizens littering or big companies illegally dumping large quantities of rubbish. Once wind and rain, or a large truck, have helped plastic make its way into the water, it can stay there for 450 years, which is how long it takes plastic to **decompose**.

However, it doesn't stay as a bottle or a straw for all that time; due to the effects of the Sun, wind, and other natural factors, plastic breaks down into tiny particles called micro plastics. When plastic is large, it can easily cause death to marine life, but when it's very small, it can make its way up the food chain into our own stomachs. As plastic is made from chemicals, it could cause damage to our bodies.

This global problem has been exposed in recent years, but one aspect that might have been ignored is its impact on individual countries. Tourism and infrastructure can be massively disrupted by heaps of plastic floating around. Do you enjoy relaxing and playing on a pristine beach with its golden sand and crystal clear waves? Now, imagine jumping over or swimming through piles of plastic. Many places, such as Bali, have been impacted financially by the amount of plastic on their coasts because tourism suffers when holidaymakers are discouraged. Plastic rubbish also blocks waterways in towns and cities, which can lead to higher risks of flooding and therefore costly repairs.

**33. According to the passage, at this point in time, everybody .....**

- ☐ always disposes of their own litter
- ☐ uses single-use plastic
- ☐ is still unaware of how much plastic we produce
- ☐ is aware of why plastic is an issue

**34. What human action causes plastic to reach the ocean?**

- ☐ Using public transportation

- Weather
- The way plastic is made in factories
- Failing to throw away rubbish correctly

**35. The underlined word decompose means to..... .**

- sit in the sun
- make one's way
- break down
- cause death

**36. The best summary of the third paragraph can be that..... .**

- humans eat fish with single-use plastic
- weather can remove plastic from the sea
- large plastics can harm animals, but small plastics can harm humans
- plastic will remain in its complete forms forever

**37. According to the passage, humans might end up with plastic in their digestive systems if they..... .**

- eat fish
- use bottles and straws
- swim in the sea
- use chemicals

**38. According to the passage, tourists are discouraged by..... .**

- jumping and swimming



- pristine beaches
- rubbish at holiday destinations
- the financial cost of holidays

**39. The main idea of the final paragraph is that.....**

- Bali is the place that has been most affected by plastic
- plastic can ruin beaches
- plastic can damage a country's economy
- people don't want to go on holiday anymore

**40. If there were better waste management in urban areas, then inhabitants would be.....**

- safer
- flooded
- blocked
- poorer